Action Research Project: Implementing a site licence for TextHELP: Read & Write in a regional high school

Presentation Outline

- Provide a background to the action research.
- Outline the implementation of the project.
- Provide discussion of the results of the action research.

Presentation Information

Information and documents relating to this presentation can be found @:

gregoconnor.wikispaces.com/

Background

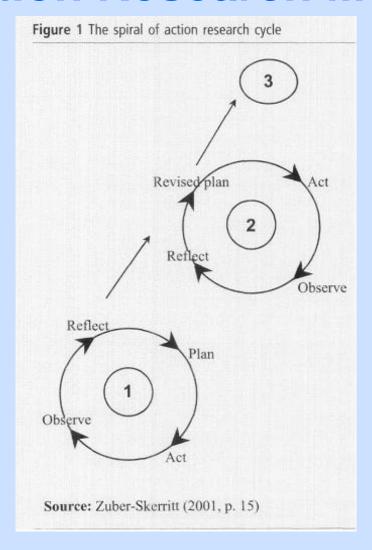
- North Coast Region Assistive Technology Mentoring Project
- Broken Bay High School and TextHELP Read & Write prior to 2007:
 - Limited access to program
 - Lack of staff training
 - Lack of student training

Action Research Model

"Investigations conducted by and for the people taking the <u>action</u>, on their <u>own action</u> to inform their future <u>actions</u>"

Richard Sagor (2005)

Action Research Model



Action Research Model

Sagor, R. (2005). The Action Research Guidebook: A Four Step Process for Educators and School Teams. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.

Implementing Action Research

Q1. Will a site licence for TextHELP Read & Write increase student access?

Q2. Does increase access have an impact on student¹ learning outcomes?

¹Five targeted students

Implementing Action Research

Triangulated Data

- 1. Research journal and observations
- 2. Assessment results and work samples
- 3. Feedback from students and staff

Q1. Increased Access

- TextHELP Read & Write on all computers on network, staff computers, student laptops, Library, Aboriginal Tutor room
- Increased teacher knowledge of program and requests for training
- 3. More students accessing program
- All classes in Year 7 are introduced to the program

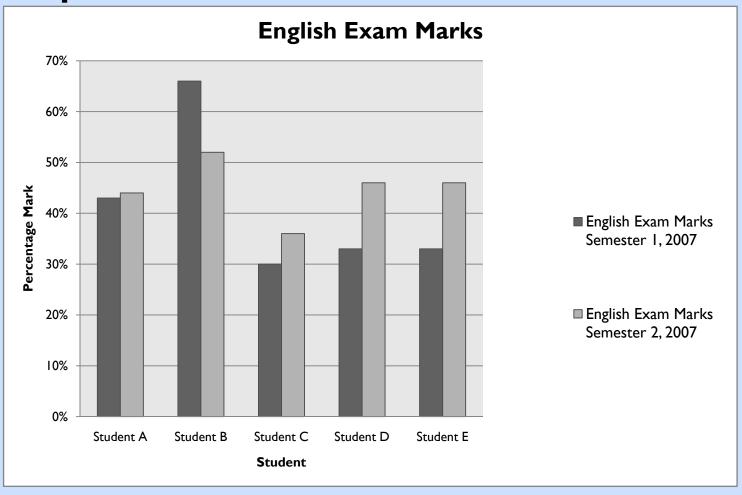
Q1. Increased Access

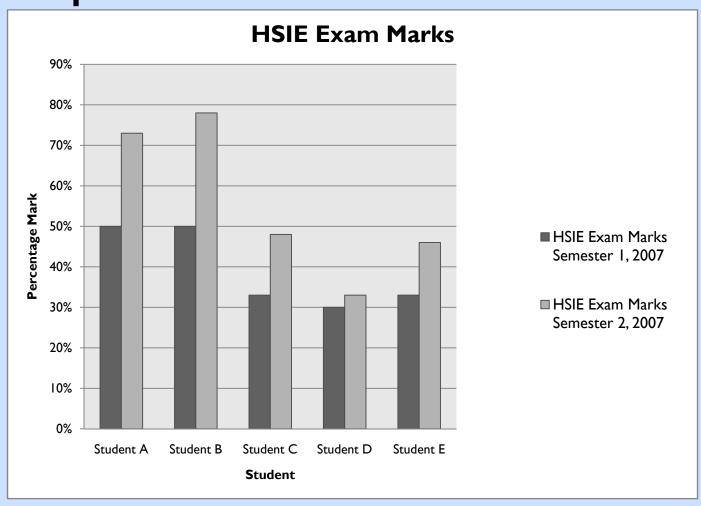
- Staff taking responsibility with an decreased need for 1:1 teacher aide support
- Mostly English staff using program, followed by science and HSIE.
- 7. All 5 students using program in English, Science and HSIE classes and exams

Q1. Increased Access

Issues:

- Installing software
- 2. Preparation of learning material in advance in digital format by teachers
- 3. Access to computer labs
- 4. Headphones
- 5. Students didn't fully access program until Semester 2, 2007





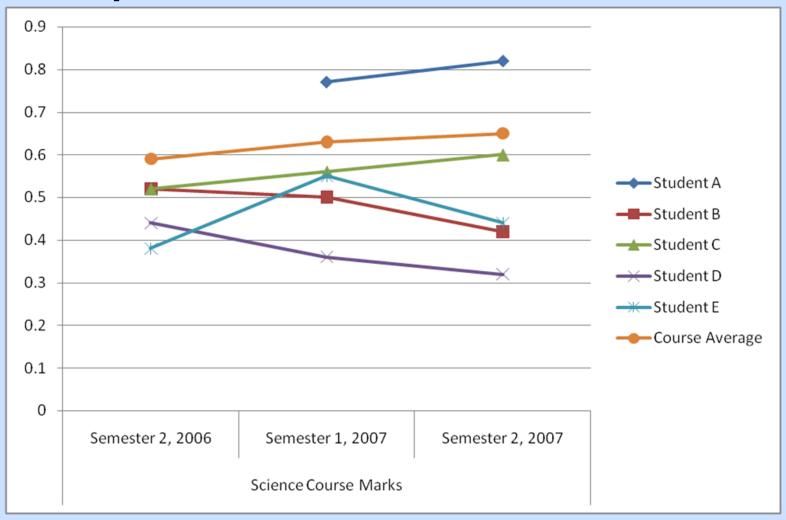
- 1. Positive attitude of students
- 2. More on task and independent behaviour
- 3. Student B handed in all in-class assessments
- 4. Students A, B & C take all notes in TextHELP
- 5. Improved internet use
- 6. Increased quality of assignments
- Decreased student stress

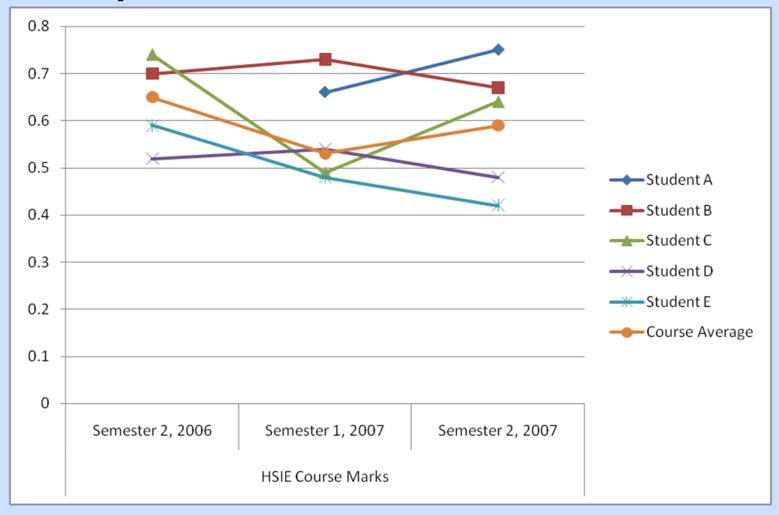
- 8. Year 9 class 100% internet research task completion (Previously 30%)
- 9. Year 9 class improved on-task behaviour (Is it the program or the headphones?)
- 10.In English class 3 out of 21 students handed in assessment on time 2 of these students were using TextHELP

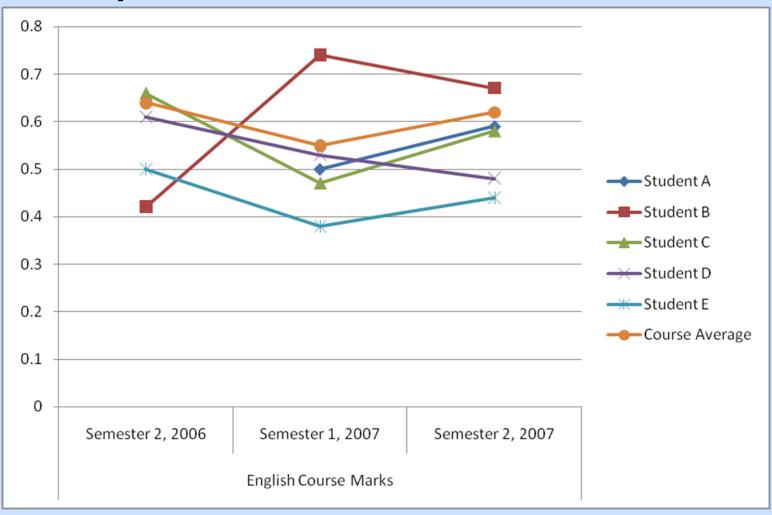
Q2. Improved Outcomes

Issues:

- Group Year 9 boys refused to use program "I'm not that dumb" – students don't engage with computer technology
- 2. Data collection can be difficult and time consuming eg timing data not taken but will it prove anything but typing speed?







What does this all mean?

- 1. Continuation of action research cycle required
- 2. Don't expect results overnight
- 3. Other factors impact on results